## HS6E Subminiature Interlock Switches with Solenoid

HS6E features:

- Compact body: $75 \times 15 \times 75 \mathrm{~mm}$
$15-\mathrm{mm}$-wide, thinnest solenoid type interlock switch in the world.
- Reversible mounting and angled cable allow four actuator insertion directions.
- Energy saving. 24 V DC, 110 mA (solenoid: 100 mA, LED: 10 mA )
- Manual unlocking possible on three sides.
- RoHS compliant
- LED indicator shows solenoid operation


## Spring Lock Type

- Automatically locks the actuator without power applied to the solenoid
- After the machine stops, unlocking is completed by the solenoid
- Manual unlocking is possible on three sides in the event of power failure or maintenance


## Solenoid Lock Type

- The actuator is locked when energized.
- The actuator is unlocked when de-energized.
- Flexible locking function can be achieved, for an application where locking is not required and sudden stopping of a machine must be prevented


Part Numbers

| Lock |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mechanism | | Circuit |
| :---: |
| Number |$\quad$ Contact Configuration $\quad$| Cable |
| :---: |
| Length | | Part Number |
| :---: |
| (Standard Stock |
| in bold) |

(Actuator inserted) (Solenoid OFF)

|  |  | (Actuator inserted) (Solenoid OFF) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | L | Main Circuit: $1 \mathrm{NC}+1 \mathrm{NC}$, Monitor Circuit: 2NC/1NO | $\begin{aligned} & 1 m \\ & 3 m \\ & 5 m \end{aligned}$ | HS6E-L44B01-G <br> HS6E-L44B03-G <br> HS6E-L44B05-G |
| Spring Lock | M | Main Circuit: 1NC + 1NC, Monitor Circuit: 2NC/1NC | $\begin{aligned} & 1 m \\ & 3 m \\ & 5 m \end{aligned}$ | HS6E-M44B01-G HS6E-M44B03-G HS6E-M44B05-G |
|  | N | Main Circuit: 1NC + 1NC, Monitor Circuit: 1NC, 1NO/1NO <br> Main Circuit: 11 $\square$ 21 <br> 12 22 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 m \\ & 3 m \\ & 5 m \end{aligned}$ | HS6E-N44B01-G HS6E-N44B03-G HS6E-N44B05-G |
|  | P | Main Circuit: 1NC + 1NC, Monitor Circuit: 1NC, 1NO/1NC | $\begin{aligned} & 1 m \\ & 3 m \\ & 5 m \end{aligned}$ | HS6E-P44B01-G HS6E-P44B03-G HS6E-P44B05-G |

The contact configurations show the contact status when the actuator is inserted and locked. LED color is G (green) only.
Actuator keys are not supplied with the interlock switch and must be ordered separately.


Part Number Key
 B (Black)

Indicator Rated Voltage 4 (24V DC) Blank (without indicator)

Solenoid Unit Voltage/ Lock Mechanism 4: Spring Lock 7Y: Solenoid Lock
Circuit Code
Main Circuit Door Monitor Circuit Lock Monitor Circuit L.1NG + 1NC Door M $\begin{array}{lll}\mathrm{M}: 1 \mathrm{NC}+1 \mathrm{NC} & 2 \mathrm{NC} & 1 \mathrm{NC}\end{array}$ $\mathrm{N}: 1 \mathrm{NC}+1 \mathrm{NC} \quad 1 \mathrm{NC}, 1 \mathrm{NO} \quad 1 \mathrm{NO}$ P: 1NG $+1 N G$

1NC, 1NO
1NO
1NC

| Lock Mechanism | Circuit <br> Number | Contact Configuration | Cable <br> Length | Part Number (Standard Stock in bold) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | (Actuator inserted) (Solenoid ON) |  |  |
| Solenoid Lock | L | Main Circuit: 1NC + 1NC, Monitor Circuit: 2NC/1NO | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 3 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 5 \mathrm{~m} \end{aligned}$ | HS6E-L7Y4B01-G HS6E-L7Y4B03-G HS6E-L7Y4B05-G |
|  | M | Main Circuit: $1 \mathrm{NC}+1 \mathrm{NC}$, Monitor Circuit: 2NC/1NC <br> Main Circuit:11 <br> 12 <br> 41 <br> - 42 <br> 52 <br> Monitor Circuit: $31+$ <br> - 32 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 3 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 5 \mathrm{~m} \end{aligned}$ | HS6E-M7Y4B01-G HS6E-M7Y4B03-G HS6E-M7Y4B05-G |
|  | N | Main Circuit: 1NC + 1NC, Monitor Circuit: 1NC, 1NO/1NO <br> Main Circuit: $11+$ <br> - 12 <br> Monitor Circuit: <br> 12 22 <br> 53 <br> 42 <br> Monitor Circuit: <br> 33 <br> 34 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 3 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 5 \mathrm{~m} \end{aligned}$ | HS6E-N7Y4B01-G HS6E-N7Y4B03-G HS6E-N7Y4BO5-G |
|  | P | Main Circuit: $1 \mathrm{NC}+1 \mathrm{NC}$, Monitor Circuit: $1 \mathrm{NC}, 1 \mathrm{NO} / 1 \mathrm{NC}$ <br> Main Circuit: $11+$ <br> 12 <br> 4142  <br> 51 52 <br> Monitor Circuit: <br> 33 <br> 34 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 3 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 5 \mathrm{~m} \end{aligned}$ | HS6E-P7Y4B01-G HS6E-P7Y4B03-G HS6E-P7Y4B05-G |

The contact configurations show the contact status when the actuator is inserted and locked.
LED color is G (green) only
Actuator keys are not supplied with the interlock switch and must be ordered separately

## Actuator Keys

| Ordering Part Number |  | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Accessory

| Description | Part Number |
| :---: | :---: |
| Manual Unlock Key (long type) | HS9Z-T3 |

## Specifications

| Conforming to Standards |  | UL 508 (UL listed), CSA C22.2, No. 14 (c-UL listed), ISO 14119 IEC 60947-5-1, EN 60947-5-1 (TÜV approval), EN 1088 (TÜV approval), GS-ET-19 <br> IEC 60204-1/EN 60204-1 (applicable standards for use) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating Temperature |  | -25 to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (no freezing) |
| Storage Temperature |  | -40 to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (no freezing) |
| Operating Humidity |  | 45 to 85\% (no condensation) |
| Rated Insulation Voltage (Ui) |  | 300 V (between LED and ground: 60V) |
| Impulse Withstand Voltage (Uimp) |  | Main \& lock monitor circuits: 1.5 KV <br> Door monitor circuit: 2.5 kV <br> Between solenoid/LED and ground: 0.5 kV |
| Insulation Resistance (500V DC megger) |  | Between live and dead metal parts: $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum Between terminals of different poles: $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum. |
| Contact Resistance |  | $300 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ maximum (initial value, 1 m cable) $500 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ maximum (initial value, 3 m cable) $700 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ maximum (initial value, 5 m cable) |
| Electric Shock Protection Class |  | Class II (IEC 61140) |
| Pollution Degree |  | 3 |
| Degree of Protection |  | IP67 (IEC 60529) |
| Vibration Resistance | Operating Extremes | 10 to 55 Hz , amplitude 0.35 mm |
|  | Damage Limits | 30 Hz , amplitude 1.5 mm |
| Shock <br> Resistance | Operating Extremes | $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (10G) |
|  | Damage Limits | $1000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (100G) |
| Actuator Operating Speed |  | 0.05 to $1.0 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Direct Opening Travel |  | 8.0 mm minimum |
| Direct Opening Force |  | 60 N minimum |
| Actuator Retention Force |  | 500N maximum (GS-ET-19) |
| Operating Frequency |  | 900 operations/hour |
| Mechanical Life |  | 1,000,000 operations minimum (GS-ET-19) |
| Electrical Life |  | 100,000 operations minimum (rated load) 1,000,000 operations minimum (24V AC/DC, 100 mA ) (operating frequency 900 operations/hr) |
| Conditional Short-circuit Current |  | 50 A (250V) (Use 250V/10A fast-blow fuse for short-circuit protection.) |
| Cable |  | UL2464, No. 22 AWG (12-core: $0.3 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or equivalent/core) |
| Cable Diameter |  | $\emptyset 7.6$ mm |
| Weight |  | Approx. 200g |



Minimum applicable load (reference value): 3 V AC/DC, 5 mA
UL, c-UL rating
Main/Lock monitor circuit:125V AC, 1A Pilot duty
125V DC, 0.22A Pilot duty
Door monitor circuit:240V AC, 0.75 A Pilot duty
250 V DC, 0.27A Pilot duty
TÜV rating
Main/Lock monitor circuit: AC-15 125V/1A, DC-13 125V/0.22A
Door monitor circuit: AC-15 240V/0.75A, DC-13 250V/0.27A

## Dimensions

Interlock Switch


Mounting Hole Layout


When using right-angle actuator (HS9Z-A62)


## When using straight actuator

 (HS9Z-A61)

## Actuator Mounting Reference Position

As shown in the figure on the right, the mounting reference position of the actuator key when inserted in the interlock switch is:
The actuator stop on the actuator lightly touches the interlock switch.
After mounting the actuator, remove the actuator stop from the actuator.

When using horizontal/vertical angle adjustable actuator (HS9Z-A65/A66)


## Actuator Key Dimensions (mm)

Straight Actuator (HS9Z-A61)


## Straight Actuator (HS9Z-A61) Right-angle Actuator (HS9Z-A62)

Right-angle Actuator with Mounting Plate (HS9Z-A62S)

The retention force of the HS9Z-A62 actuator is 100N. Note: See page 373 for actuator installation. When tensile force exceeding 100N is expected, use the HS9Z-A62S actuator.



The actuator stop is used to adjust the actuator position. Remove after the actuator position is mounted.

## Angle Adjustable Actuator (HS9Z-A65)

Horizontal Adjustment


Angle Adjustment
(M3 Hexagon Socket Head Screw)


Angle Adjustable Actuator (HS9Z-A65)


## Accessory

| Description | Part Number |
| :---: | :---: |
| Manual Unlock Key (long type) | HS9Z-T3 |

## Angle Adjustable Actuator (HS9Z-A66)

The HS9Z-A65 and HS9Z-A66 have the metal actuator inserted in opposite directions.

## Horizontal Adjustment

Angle Adjustment
(M3 Hexagon Socket Head Screw)


Vertical Adjustment
Angle Adjustment
(M3 Hexagon Socket Head Screw)


## Actuator Adjustment Orientation

The orientation of actuator adjustment (horizontal/vertical) can be changed using the orienting insert (white plastic) installed on the back of the actuator.


Horizontal Adjustment Vertical Adjustment

Manual Unlock Key (plastic)
(supplied with switch, not replaceable)


Manual Unlock Key, HS9Z-T3 (metal)


## Circuit Diagrams and Operating Characteristics

## Spring Lock Type



Main circuit: Connected to the machine drive control circuit, sending the interlock signals of the protective door.
Monitor circuit: Sends the monitoring signals of open/closed and lock/unlocked statuses of the protective door.

Operation Characteristics (reference)


The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the HS9Z-A61, -A62, -A65, and -A66 actuators. For the HS9Z-A62S actuator, subtract 0.6 mm The characteristics show the contact status when the actuator enters an entry slot of an interlock switch.


Main circuit: Connected to the machine drive control circuit, sending the interlock signals of the protective door. Monitor circuit: Sends the monitoring signals of open/closed and lock/unlocked statuses of the protective door.

Note 1: Do not attempt manual unlocking while the solenoid is energized. Note 2: Do not energize the solenoid for a long period of time while the door is open or while the door is unlocked manually using the manual unlock key.

## Operation Characteristics (reference)



The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the HS9Z-A61, -A62, -A65, and -A66 actuators. For the HS9Z-A62S actuator, subtract 0.6 mm .
The characteristics show the contact status when the actuator enters an entry slot of an interlock switch.

## Operating Instructions

## Minimum Radius of Hinged Door

- When using the interlock switch on hinged doors, refer to the minimum radius of doors shown below. When using on doors with small minimum radius, use the angle adjustable actuator (HS9Z-A65 and HS9Z-A66).

Note: Because deviation or dislocation of hinged doors may occur in actual applications, make sure of the correct operation before installation.

## When Using the HS9Z-A62/A62S Right-angle Actuator

- When door hinge is on the extension line of the interlock switch surface:

- When door hinge is on the extension line of the actuator mounting surface:


When using the HS9Z-A65/HS9Z-A66 Angle Adjustable Actuator

- When door hinge is on the extension line of the interlock switch surface


## Horizontal Adjustment



Vertical Adjustment


- When door hinge is on the extension line of the actuator mounting surface


## Horizontal Adjustment



## Vertical Adjustment



## Actuator Angle Adjustment for the HS9Z-A65/HS9Z-A66

- Using the angle adjustment screw, the actuator angle can be adjusted (see figures on page 370).
Adjustable angle: 0 to $20^{\circ}$
- The larger the adjusted angle of the actuator, the smaller the applicable radius of the door opening.
- After installing the actuator, open the door. Then adjust the actuator so that its edge can enter properly into the actuator entry slot of the interlock switch.
- After adjusting the actuator angle, apply Loctite to the adjustment screw so that the screw will not become loose.


## Mounting Examples

Application on Sliding Doors
Application on Hinged Doors


Note: When mounting the actuator, make sure that the actuator enters the slot in the correct direction, as shown on the right.


## For Manual Unlocking

## Spring lock type

The HS6E allows manual unlocking of the actuator to pre-check proper door operation before wiring or turning power on, as well as for emergency use such as a power failure.

## Solenoid lock type

The HS6E can be unlocked manually in an emergency.

## When using the manual unlock key

- When locking or unlocking the interlock switch manually, turn the actuator fully using the manual unlock key supplied with the switch.
- Using the interlock switch with the actuator not fully turned (less than $90^{\circ}$ ) may cause damage to the interlock switch or operation failures (when manually unlocked, the switch will keep the main circuit disconnected and the door unlocked).
- Do not apply excessive force ( 0.45 N -m or more) to the manual unlock part, otherwise the manual unlock part will become damaged.
- Do not leave the manual unlock key attached to the switch during operation. This is dangerous because the switch can always be unlocked while the machine is in operation.


Manual Unlock Key (supplied with the interlock switch)

## When unlocking pushing the plate inside the interlock switch

- Remove the screw at the side of the interlock switch (the same side where actuator is inserted) and insert a small screwdriver.
- Push the plate inside the interlock switch toward the LED indicator using a screwdriver until the actuator is unlocked.
- Tighten the screw to a proper torque ( 0.3 to $0.5 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ). Do not tighten with excessive force, otherwise the interlock switch will be damaged. Be sure to reinstall the screw, otherwise the waterproof capability will be lost.


## Caution

Before manually unlocking the interlock switch, make sure that the machine has come to a complete stop. Manual unlocking during operation may unlock the interlock switch before the machine stops, and the function of the interlock switch with solenoid is lost. While the solenoid is energized, do not unlock the switch manually (solenoid lock type).

## Recommended Tightening Torque of Mounting Screws

- Interlock switch: 1.0 to 1.5 N.m (three M4 screws)
- Actuators: 1.0 to $1.5 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ (two M4 screws)
- The above recommended tightening torques of the mounting screws are the values with hex socket head bolts. When other screws are used and tightened to a smaller torque, make sure that the screws do not become loose after mounting.
- Mounting bolts are not supplied with the interlock and must be supplied by the user.
- To avoid unauthorized or unintended removal of the interlock switch and the actuator, it is recommended that the interlock switch and the actuator are installed in an unremovable manner, for example using special screws, rivets, or welding the screws.
- When installing the HS9Z-A62S actuator, use the mounting plate (supplied with the actuator) on the hinged door, and secure the actuator tightly using two M4 screws.
- The mounting plate has an orientation.
- Do not lose the mounting plate.



## Cables

- Do not fasten or loosen the gland at the bottom of the interlock switch.
- When bending the cable during wiring, make sure that the cable radius is kept at 30 mm minimum.
- When wiring, make sure that water or oil does not enter from the end of the cable.
- Do not open the lid of the interlock switch. Otherwise the interlock switch will be damaged.
- The solenoid has polarity. Make sure of the correct polarity when wiring.



## Wire Identification

- Wires can be identified by color and or a white line printed on the wire.

| No. | Insulation Color | No. | Insulation Color |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Blue/White | 7 | White |
| 2 | Gray | 8 | Black |
| 3 | Pink | 9 | Pink/White |
| 4 | Orange | 10 | Brown/White |
| 5 | Orange/White | 11 | Brown |
| 6 | Gray/White | 12 | Blue |

## Terminal Number Identification

- When wiring, identify the terminal number of each contact by the color of the insulation.
- The following table shows the identification of terminal numbers.
- When wiring, cut unused wires to avoid incorrect wiring.

| Type | Contact Arrangement |
| :---: | :---: |
| HS6E-L |  |
| HS6E-M |  |
| HS6E-N |  |
| HS6E-P |  |

Note: The contact arrangements show the contact status when the actuator is inserted and locked.

## Safety Precautions

- In order to avoid electric shock or a fire, turn the power off before installation, removal, wire connection, maintenance, or inspection of the switch.
- If relays are used in the circuit between the safety switch and the load, consider degrees of the danger and use safety relays, since welded or sticking contacts of standard relays may invalidate the functions of the safety switch.
- Do not place a PLC in the circuit between the safety switch and the load. The safety security can be endangered in the event of a malfunction of the PLC.
- Do not disassemble or modify the switch. It may cause a breakdown or an accident.


## Operation Precautions - for all series

- Regardless of door types, do not use the safety switch as a door stop. Install a mechanical door stop at the end of the door to protect the safety switch against excessive force.
- Do not apply excessive shock to the switch when opening or closing the door.
- A shock to the door exceeding $1,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}^{2}$ (approx. 100 G ) may cause the contacts of the switch to chatter, and a malfunction of the switch may occur.
- For connection of wires, unscrew the cover. Unnecessary loosening of other screws may cause a malfunction of the switch.
- Prevent foreign objects such as dust and liquids from entering the switch while connecting conduit or wiring.
- If the operating atmosphere is contaminated, use a protective cover to prevent the entry of foreign objects into the switch through the actuator entry slots.
- Entry of a considerable amount of foreign objects into the switch may affect the mechanism of the switch and cause a breakdown.
- Do not store the switches in a dusty, humid, or organic-gas atmosphere.


## HS5E/HS5B Precautions

## For Rotating Head Directions

- The heads of the HS5E/HS5B can be rotated in $90^{\circ}$ increments after removing the 4 screws on the corners of the head. Prevent entry of foreign objects into the switch during removal of the head. Tighten these screws with torque designated in the instruction sheet. Improper torque may cause errors.


Minimum Radius of Hinged Doors

- When using the interlock switch on hinged doors, refer to the minimum radius of doors shown below. When using on doors with small minimum radius, use the angle adjustable actuator (HS9Z-A55).

Note: Because deviation or dislocation of hinged doors may occur in actual applications, make sure of the correct operation before installation.

When using the HS9Z-A52 Actuator

- When the door hinge is on the extension line of the interlock switch surface:

- When door hinge is on the extension line of the actuator mounting surface:



## HS1E Precautions

## Wire Connection

- Make an opening for wire connection by breaking one of the conduit-port knockouts on the switch housing using a screwdriver.
- Before breaking the knockout, temporarily remove the connector-fixing lock nut from the switch.
- When breaking the knockout, take care not to damage the contact block or other parts inside the switch.
- Cracks or burrs on the conduit entry may deteriorate the housing protection.
- When changing to the other conduit port, close the unused opening with an optional plug (accessory).


Plug
Type No. HS9Z-P1


## Manual Unlocking

- Remove the screw located on the unlocking entry at the side of the switch using the key wrench included with the switch. Then insert a small screwdriver into the switch to push the lever inside of the switch toward the indicator until the actuator is unlocked (refer to the diagram on the right).
- Insert a small screwdriver into the elliptical hole on the back of the switch, then push the lever inside of the switch toward the indicator until the actuator is unlocked (refer to the diagram on the right).


## HS1C Precautions

- Regardless of door type, do not use the safety switch as a locking device. Install a locking device independently, for example, using a metal latch (also applicable to HS1E).
- The safety switch cover can be only removed with the special key wrench supplied with the switch or with the optional screwdriver (also applicable to HS1B and HS1E).
- Remove the screw located on the unlocking entry at the side of the switch using the key wrench included with the switch. Then insert a small screwdriver into the switch to push the lever inside of the switch toward the indicator until the actuator is unlocked (refer to the diagram on the right).

Caution: After the unlocking operation, put the screw back into the unlocking entry for safety.

1. This unlocking method is intended for an escape from a machine when a person is locked in. For access to the unlocking entry, an access hole should be opened on the mounting panel. When opening the hole, apply proper protection against water or other foreign objects.
2. Caution: After the unlocking operation, put the screw back into the unlocking entry for safety.




## Operation Precautions

## Applicable Crimping Terminals

- (Refer to the Crimping Terminal 1 or 2 shown in the drawing below.)
- HS1C

Terminals No. 1 to 6: Use solid or stranded wires only (crimping terminals not applicable).
Terminals No. 7 and 8: Crimping Terminal 1
Ground Terminal: Crimping Terminal 2

- HS1B

Ground Terminal: Crimping Terminal 2
Other Terminals: Crimping Terminal 1
HS2B, HS5B, and HS1E
Crimping Terminal 1


Crimping Terminal 2

Use an insulation tube on the crimping terminal.


Installation Examples (see the diagrams below)



HS9Z-A1 Actuator

## Applicable Connectors (As shown below)

- Use connectors which maintain the IP67 protection.
- Applicable Connector Dimensions
- Flex Conduit: VF03 (Japan Flex) www.nipolex.co.jp
- Steel Connector (G1/2): ALC-103
(PF13.5): RBC-103PG13.5



## Recommended Screw Tightening Torque

- HS1C: $5.0 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m}$ (approx. $50 \pm 5 \mathrm{kgf-cm}$ ) (4 or 6 pcs of M5 hex socket head cap screws)
- HS1B: 5.0 $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m}$ (approx. $50 \pm 5 \mathrm{kgf-cm}$ ) (2 or 4 pcs. of M5 hex socket head cap screws)
- HS2B: $5.0 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m}$ (approx. $50 \pm 5 \mathrm{kgf-cm}$ ) (2 pcs of M5 hex socket head cap screws)
- HS5B: $4.0 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m}$ (approx. $40 \pm 4 \mathrm{kgf-cm}$ ) (2 pcs of M4 hex socket head cap screws)
- HS1E: 5.0 $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m}$ (approx. $50 \pm 5 \mathrm{kgf-cm}$ ) (4 or 6 pcs of M5 hex socket head cap screws)
- Actuator (HS9Z-A1/A2) $5.0 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m}$ (approx. $50 \pm 5 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}$ )
- (2 pcs. of M6 hex socket head cap screws) Actuator (HS9Z-A51/A52)
- $2.0 \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m}$ (approx. $20 \pm 2 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}$ )
(2 pcs of M4 hex socket head cap screws)
- $1.0 \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m}$ (approx. $10 \pm 2 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}$ ) (2 pcs of M4 Phillips screws)

1. The screws are supplied by the user.

## Applicable Wire Size

- HS1C: 0.5 to $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (Terminals No.1, 2, 5 to 8 )
1.0 to $1.25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (Terminals No.3, 4, and grounding terminal)
- HS5B: 0.5 to $1.25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
- HS1E: 0.5 to $1.25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$


## Actuator Angle Adjustment

- Using the screw (M3 hex socket head screw), the actuator angle can be adjusted (refer to the dimensional drawing). Adjustable angle: ( $0^{\circ}$ ) to $20^{\circ}$
- The larger the adjusted angle of the actuator, the smaller the applicable radius of the door opening.
- After installing the actuator, open the door. Then adjust the actuator so that its edge can be inserted properly into the entry slot of the safety switch.
- Recommended tightening torque: $0.8 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m}$ (approx. $8.0 \mathrm{kgf-cm}$ )
- After adjusting the actuator angle, apply loctite or the like to the adjustment screw so as to prevent its loosening.


## Minimum Radius of Hinged Door

- When using the interlock switch on hinged doors, refer to the minimum radius of doors shown below. When using on doors with small minimum radius, use the angle adjustable actuator (HS9Z-A55).
Note: Because deviation or dislocation of hinged doors may occur in actual applications, make sure of the correct operation before installation.


## When using the HS9Z-A52 Actuator

- When the door hinge is on the extension line of the interlock switch surface:

- When door hinge is on the extension line of the actuator mounting surface:



## When using the HS9Z-A55 Angle Adjustable Actuator

- When door hinge is on the extension line of the interlock switch surface: 50 mm
- When door hinge is on the extension line of the actuator mounting surface: 70 mm



## Actuator Angle Adjustment for the HS9Z-A55

- Using the angle adjustment screw, the actuator angle can be adjusted (see figures on page 370. Adjustable angle: 0 to $20^{\circ}$
- The larger the adjusted angle of the actuator, the smaller the applicable radius of the door opening.
- After installing the actuator, open the door. Then adjust the actuator so that its edge can be inserted properly into the actuator entry slot of the interlock switch.
- After adjusting the actuator angle, apply Loctite to the adjustment screw so that the screw will not loosen.

Use a cable gland with a degree of protection IP67
all dimensions in mm

## When Using Flexible Conduits (Example)

Flexible conduit example: VF-03 (Nihon Flex)

| Conduit Port Size | Plastic Cable Gland | Metal Cable Gland |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| G1/2 | - | RLC-103 (Nihon Flex) |
| PG13.5 | - | RBC-103PG13.5 (Nihon Flex) |
| M20 | - | RLC-103EC20 (Nihon Flex) |



## Applicable Cable Glands

