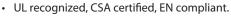
RJ Series Slim Power Relays

Compact and rugged power relays. Large switching capacity.

- Compact housing only 12.7-mm wide. Large contact rating
 RJ1 (1-pole): 16A (UL general use rating @250V AC)
 RJ2 (2-pole): 8A
- Non-polarized LED indicator available on blade type. IDEC's unique light guide structur high visibility of coil status from any direction.
- Excellent electrical and mechanical life. Electrical life: 200,000 operations (AC load) Mechanical life: 30 million operations (AC coil)
- RoHS directive compliant (EU directive 2002/95/EC). Contains no lead, cadmium, mercury, hexavalent chromium, PBB or PBDE).
- Diode model:
 Diode reverse withs
- Diode reverse withstand voltage: 1000V











Part Number Selection

	Terminal	Contact	Model	Part Number	Coil Voltage Code (Standard Stock in bold)					
			Standard	RJ 1S-C-	A24, A110,A120 A220,A240					
			with LED	RJ1S-CL-	D12 <mark>,D24</mark> ,D48,D100					
		SPDT	with Surge Suppresion Diode	RJ1S-CD-	D12, <mark>D24</mark> D48, D100					
	Blade		with LED & Surge Suppre- sion Diode	RJ1S-CLD-						
	Diaue		Standard	RJ 2S-C-	A24, A110,A120, A220,A240					
Ken -			with LED	RJ2S-CL-	D12,D24 D48, D100					
		DPDT	with Surge Suppresion Diode	RJ2S-CD-	D12,D24 D48, D100					
			with LED & Surge Suppre- sion Diode	RJ2S-CLD-						
		SPDT	Standard	RJ 1V-C-						
DINA INT		5501	High Capacity	RJ1V-CH-						
	РСВ	SPST-NO	Standard	RJ 1V-A-	A24, A110,A120 A220,A240					
	РСВ	2421-INO	High Capacity	RJ1V-AH-	D5, D6, D12 <mark>D24</mark> , D48, D100					
		DPDT	Standard	RJ 2V-C-						
. 1		DPST-NO	Standard	RJ 2V-A-						
Ordering Information When ordering, specify the Part No. and coil voltage code (exampleRJ1S-C- Part No. Coil Voltage Code										
Coil Voltage Table										
Coil Voltage Code	A12 A	A24 A110	A120 A220	A240 D5	5 D6 D12	D24	D48	D100		
Coil Rating	12V AC 24	VAC 110VAC	C 120V AC 220V AC	240V AC 5	V DC 6V DC 12V DC	24V DC	48V DC	100-110V DCV DC		

Terminal Blocks

Switches & Pilot Lights



Socke	ets				Replace	ment Hold D	own Springs		
	Relays	Standard DIN Rail Mount	Finger-safe DIN Rail Mount	PCB Mount	Part Nun	nber Used	With Socket	JWICIES	
Blade Models	RJ1S (Std)	SJ1S-05B	SJ1S-07L	SJ1S-61	SJ9Z-C1		SJ1S-05B, SJ1S-07L, SJ2S-05B, SJ2S-07L		
Mo BI	RJ2S (Std)	SJ2S-05B	SJ2S-07L	SJ2S-61	SQ9Z-C		, SQ2V-07B	& P1100	
s els	RJ1V (Std)	_	SQ1V-07B*	SQ1V-63*	SQ9Z-C63	SQ1V-63, 5	SQ2V-63	ot Lights	
PCI	BULV (Std)		SQ2V-07B*	SQ2V-63*	Jumpers	s for SJ Sock	SJ Sockets		
	RJ2V				Poles	Part Number	Quantity		
		th	n ()	1	2	SJ9Z-JF2	Must		
		100	A 18.	1	5	SJ9Z-JF5	purchase in		
		In Ale	110' ALE CE		8	SJ9Z-JF8	quantities	Display	
		in the second	the state of the		10	SJ9Z-JF10	of 10.	ау ц	
								Ligh	

*Hold-down clip or spring must be removed to use with RJ PCB relays.

Accessories

/10000001100				
Description	Appearance	Use with	Part No.	Remarks
Aluminum DIN Rail (1 meter length)		All DIN rail sockets	BNDN1000	IDEC offers a low-profile DIN rail (BNDN1000). The BNDN1000 is de- signed to accommodate DIN mount sockets. Made of durable extruded aluminum, the BNDN1000 measures 0.413 (10.5mm) in height and 1.37 (35mm) in width (DIN standard). Standard length is 39" (1,000mm).
DIN Rail End Stop	A DE STATE	DIN rail	BNL5	9.1 mm wide.

Specifications

Model	RJ1	RJ2			
es	1-pole	2-pole			
uration	SPDT	DPDT			
ial	Silver-nickel alloy				
ection	IP40				
ance (initial value) (*1)	50 m Ω maximum				
*2)	15 ms maximum				
*2)	10 ms maximum (with diode: 20 ms maximum)				
Between contact and coil	5000V AC, 1 minute	5000V AC, 1 minute			
Between contacts of the same pole	1000V AC, 1 minute	1000V AC, 1 minute			
Between contacts of different poles	_	3000V AC, 1 minute			
Operating extremes	10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.75 mm				
Damage limits	10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.75 mm				
Operating extremes	N0 contact: 200 m/s ² , NC contact: 100 m/s ²				
Damage limits	1000 m/s ²				
(rated load)	AC load: 200,000 operations minimum (operation frequency 1800 operations per hour) DC load: 100,000 operations minimum (operation frequency 1800 operations per hour)				
fe (no load)	AC coil: 30,000,000 operations minimum (operation frequency 18,000 operations per hour) DC coil: 50,000,000 operations minimum (operation frequency 18,000 operations per hour)				
perature (*3)	-40 to +70°C (no freezing)				
idity	5 to 85% RH (no condensation)				
к.)	19g (blade type), 17g (PCB form C type), 16g (PCB form A type)				
	ess uration al ection ance (initial value) (*1) *2) *2) Between contact and coil Between contacts of the same pole Between contacts of different poles Operating extremes Damage limits Operating extremes Damage limits (rated load) fe (no load) perature (*3) idity	arration 1-pole auration SPDT al Silver-nickel alloy ection IP40 ance (initial value) (*1) 50 mΩ maximum *2) 15 ms maximum *2) 10 ms maximum (with diode: 20 ms maximum) Between contact and coil 5000V AC, 1 minute Between contacts of the same pole 1000V AC, 1 minute Between contacts of different poles Operating extremes 10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.75 mm Damage limits 1000 m/s² Operating extremes N0 contact: 200 m/s², NC contact: 100 m/s² Damage limits 1000 m/s² AC load: 200,000 operations minimum (operation frequency 180 DC load: 100,000 operations minimum (operation frequency 180 DC load: 100,000 operations minimum (operation frequency 180 DC coil: 50,000,000 operations minimum			

Note: Above values are initial values.
 Measured using 5V DC, 1A voltage drop method.
 Measured at the rated voltage (at 20°C), excluding contact bounce time.
 100% rated voltage.

IDEC

Coil Ratings

			Rated Current (mA) Coil ±15% (at 20°C)		\)	Coil Resistance	Ope	rating Chara	Power								
		-		Rated Voltage		Rated Voltage		Voltage Code	Witho	ut LED ¹	With	LED ¹	(ohms)±10%	Pickup	Dropout	Maximum	Consumption
				oout	50Hz	60Hz	50Hz	60Hz	(at 20°C)	Voltage	Voltage	Allowable Voltage ³					
		Blade	24V	A24	43.9	37.5	47.5	41.1	243								
	AC	& PCB	120V	A120	8.8	7.5	8.7	7.4	6,400	80% max	30% min	140%	0.9VA (60Hz)				
		Models	240V	A240	4.3	3.7	4.3	3.7	25,570								
		Coil Coil ±15% (at 20°C)		\)	Coil Resistance	Ope	Power										
Coil Ratings		naleu vi	лауе	Voltage Code	Witho	ut LED ¹	With	LED ¹	(ohms)±10% (at 20°C)	Pickup Voltage	Dropout Voltage	Maximum Allowable Voltage ³	Consumption				
llio			12V	D12	44	4.2	48	3.0	271			10% min 170%	0.53W				
0		Blade	24V	D24	22	2.1	25	5.7	1,080	70% max	max 10% min						
		Models	48V	D48	11	1.0	1().7	4,340	70 /0 IIIdx							
			100-110V	D100	5.3	- 5.8	5.2	- 5.7	18,870			160%					
	ä		5V	D5	1	06		-	47.2								
			6V	D6	88	3.3		-	67.9								
		PCB	12V	D12	44	4.2		_	271	70% max	10% min	170%					
		Models	dels 24V D24 22.1 – 1,080	1,080	70 /0 IIIdX	10 /0 11111		0.53-0.64W									
			48V	D48	11	1.0		_	4,340								
			100-110V	D100	5.3	- 5.8		_	18,870			160%					

LED Indicator is only available on Blade relays.
 Operating characteristics are at 20°C.
 The maximum allowable voltage is the maximum value which can be applied to the relay coils.

Contact Ratings

	Madal		Model Contact		Allowable Contact Contact			Rated Loa	d	Allowable Switching	Allowable Switching	Minimum Applicable	
		woue	Model Conta		Resistive Load	Inductive Load	Voltage	Resistive Load	Inductive Load cosø=0.3 L/R=7ms	Current	Voltage	Load	
		1	pole	NO	3000V AC	1875VA	250V AC	12A	7.5A	16A	AC250V	DC5V	
	Blade Models	1	poie	NC	3000V AC	1875VA	250V AC	12A	7.5A	6A	DC30V	100mA	
	Blade Models	2,	ooles	NO	2000V AC	1000VA	250V AC	8A	4A	4A	AC250V	DC5V	
		۲ ک	10162	NC	2000V AC	1000VA	250V AC	8A	4A	4A	4A DC30V	100mA	
Contact Ratings				NO	3000V AC	1875VA	250V AC	12A	7.5A	12A	AC250V DC125V	DC5V 100mA	
Rati			Standard	NU	360W	180W	30V DC	12A	6A	IZA			
act			Туре	NC	3000V AC	1875VA	250V AC	12A	7.5A	6A			
ont		1 pole		NG.	180W	90W	30V DC	6A	3A				
3	s s	i pole		NO	4000V AC	2000VA	250V AC	16A	8A	16A	AC250V		
	PCB Models		High Capacity	NU	480W	240W	30V DC	16A	8A	TUA		DC5V	
	2		Туре	NC	4000V AC	2000VA	250V AC	16A	8A	8A	DC125V	100mA	
	B		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	NC.	240W	120W	30V DC	8A	4A	оA			
				NO	2000V AC	1000VA	250V AC	8A	4A	8A			
		2	nolog	NU	240W	120W	30V DC	8A	4A	ОA	AC250V	DC5V	
		Z	poles	NC	2000V AC	1000VA	250V AC	8A	4A	4A	DC125V	10mA	
				NU	120W	60W	30V DC	4A	2A	4A			

Agency Ratings

	UL				CSA						VDE					
Voltage	General Use					Resistive			Inductive			Resistive		AC-15, DC-13*		
voltage	R	J1	R	J2	R	J1	R	J2	R	J1	R	J2	RJ1	RJ2	RJ1	RJ2
	NO	NC	NO	NC	NO	NC	NO	NC	NO	NC	NO	NC	NO	NO	NO	NO
250V AC	16A	6A	8A	4A	12A	12A	8A	8A	7.5A	7.5A	4A	4A	12A	8A	6A	ЗA
30V DC	12A	6A	8A	4A	12A	6A	8A	4A	6A	ЗA	4A	2A	12A	8A	2.5A	2A

*According to the utilization categories of IEC60947-5-1

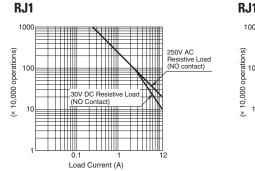
IDEC

Switches & Pilot Lights

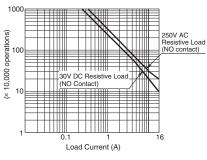
Socket Specifications

	Socket	Terminal	Electrical Rating	Wire Size	Torque
DIN Rail/ Panel Mount	SJ1S-05B	M3 screw with captive wire clamp	250V, 12A	Maximum up to 2 - #14 AWG	0.6 - 1.0N∙m (Maximum 1.2N∙m)
	SJ2S-05B	M3 screw with captive wire clamp	250V, 8A	Maximum up to 2 - #14 AWG	0.6 - 1.0N ● m (Maximum 1.2N ● m)
	SJ1S-07L	M3 screw with captive wire clamp, fingersafe	250V, 12A	Maximum up to 2 - #14 AWG	0.6 - 1.0N ● m (Maximum 1.2N ● m)
Finger-safe DIN Rail/ Panel Mount	SJ2S-07L	M3 screw with captive wire clamp, fingersafe	250V, 8A	Maximum up to 2 - #14 AWG	0.6 - 1.0N ∙ m (Maximum 1.2N • m)
Fallel Moulit	SQ1V-07B	M3 screw with box clamp, fingersafe	300V, 12A	Maximum up to 2 - #14 AWG	1.0N●m Maximum
	SQ2V-07B	M3 screw with box clamp, fingersafe	300V, 10A	Maximum up to 2 - #14 AWG	1.0N●m Maximum
	SJ1S-61	PCB mount	250V, 12A	—	—
	SJ2S-61	PCB mount	250V, 8A	—	—
PCB Mount	SQ1V-63	PCB mount	300V, 12A	—	—
	SQ2V-63	PCB mount	300V, 12A	_	—

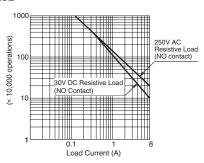
Electrical Life Curve (Resistive Load)



RJ1 High Capacity

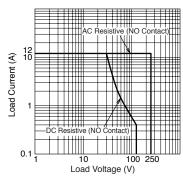


RJ2

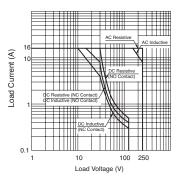


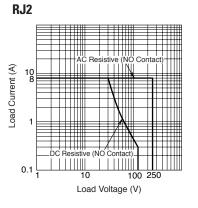
Maximum Switching Capacity (Resistive Load)

RJ1



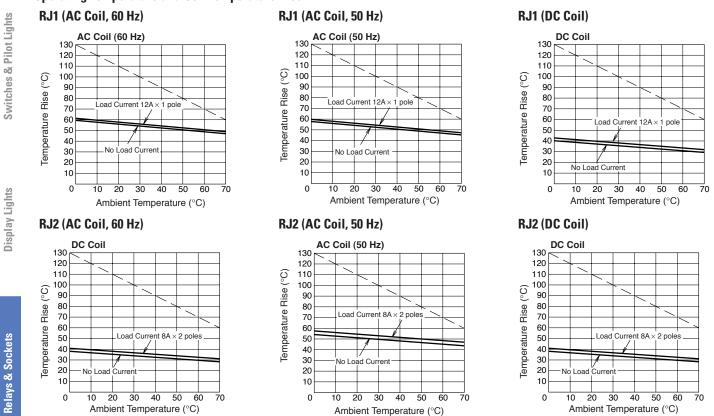
RJ1 High Capacity





Display Lights

Operating Temperature and Coil Temperature Rise



The above temperature rise curves show characteristics when 100% the rated coil voltage is applied. The slanted dashed line indicates allowable temperature rise for the coil at different ambient temperatures.

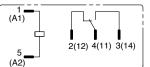
(A2)

2(12) 4(11) 3(14)

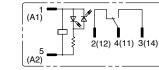
Coil voltage greater than 24V AC/DC

Internal Connection (View from Bottom)

RJ1S-C-* Standard

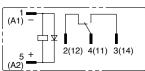


RJ1S-CL-* With LED Indicator

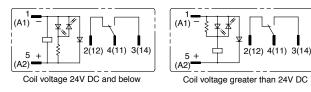


Coil voltage 24V AC/DC and below

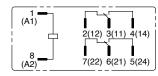
RJ1S-CD-* With Diode



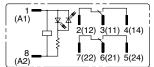
RJ1S-CLD-With LED Indicator and Diode

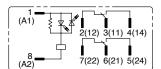


RJ2S-C-* Standard



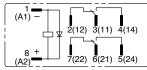
RJ2S-CL-* With LED Indicator



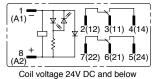


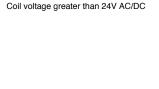
Coil voltage 24V AC/DC and below

RJ2S-CD-* With Diode

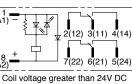


RJ2S-CLD-* With LED Indicator and Diode







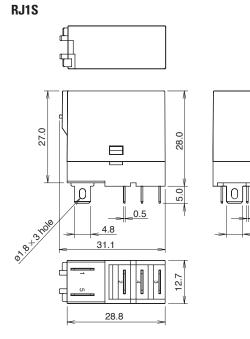


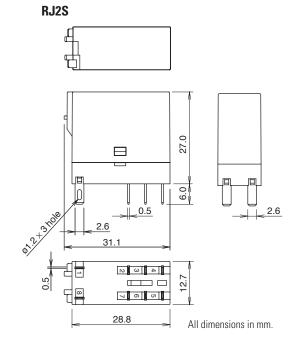
Terminal Blocks

IDEC

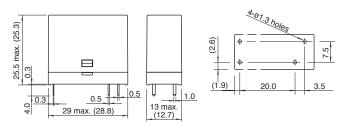
Dimensions (mm)



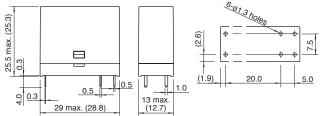


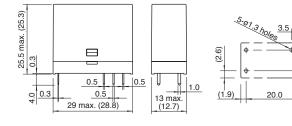


RJ1V-A-*



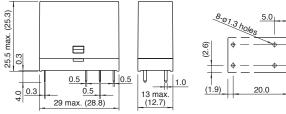
RJ1V-AH-*/RJ2V-A-*

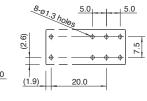




RJ1V-CH-*/RJ2V-C-*

PCB Relay (mm) RJ1V-C-*





20.0

7.5

_0.5

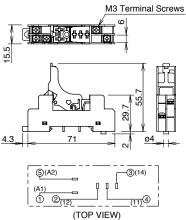
4.8

6-01.3 holes

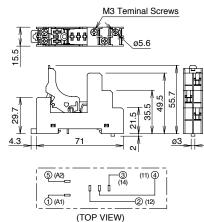
Dimensions con't (mm)

Standard DIN Rail Mount Sockets

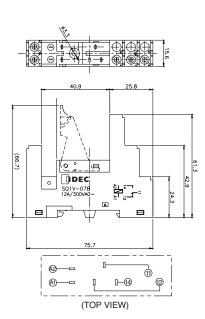
SJ1S-05B 15.5 4.3 (\$A2)



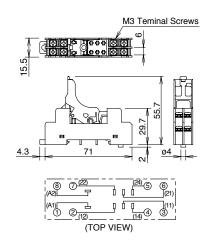
Finger-safe DIN Rail Mount Sockets SJ1S-07L



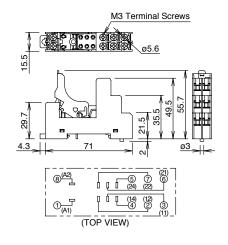




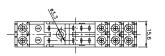
SJ2S-05B

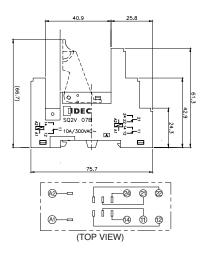


SJ2S-07L



SQ2V-07B







Display Lights

Switches & Pilot Lights

SQ1V-07B

RJ Series

Dimensions con't (mm)

SJ2S-61

SQ2V-63

PC Mount Sockets

32.5

U



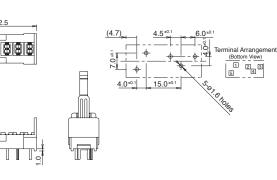
14.0

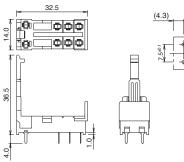
36.5

4.0

69

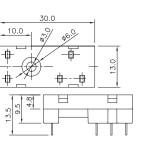
69

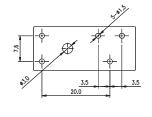


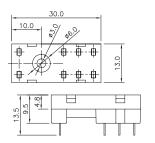


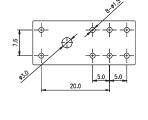
Terminal Arrangement (Bottom View) 1 234 8 765 1.3 holes

SQ1V-63









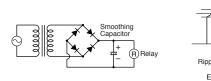
IDEC

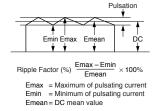
Operating Instructions

Driving Circuit for Relays

- 1. To ensure correct relay operation, apply rated voltage to the relay coil.
- 2. Input voltage for the DC coil:

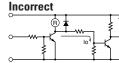
A complete DC voltage is best for the coil power to make sure of stable relay operation. When using a power supply containing a ripple voltage, suppress the ripple factor within 5%. When power is supplied through a rectification circuit, the relay operating characteristics, such as pickup voltage and dropout voltage, depend on the ripple factor. Connect a smoothing capacitor for better operating characteristics as shown below.

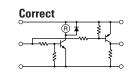




3. Leakage current while relay is off:

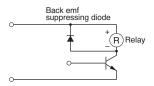
When driving an element at the same time as the relay operation, special consideration is needed for the circuit design. As shown in the incorrect circuit below, leakage current (lo) flows through the relay coil while the relay is off. Leakage current causes coil release failure or adversely affects the vibration resistance and shock resistance. Design a circuit as shown in the correct example.





4. Surge suppression for transistor driving circuits:

When the relay coil is turned off, a high-voltage pulse is generated, causing a transistor to deteriorate and sometimes to break. Be sure to connect a diode to suppress the back electromotive force. Then, the coil release time becomes slightly longer. To shorten the coil release time, connect a Zener diode between the collector and emitter of the transistor. Select a Zener diode with a Zener voltage slightly higher than the power voltage.



Protection for Relay Contacts

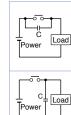
 The contact ratings show maximum values. Make sure that these values are not exceeded. When an inrush current flows through the load, the contact may become welded. If this is the case, connect a contact protection circuit, such as a current limiting resistor.

2. Contact protection circuit:

When switching an inductive load, arcing causes carbides to form on the contacts, resulting in increased contact resistance. In consideration of contact reliability, contact life, and noise suppression, use of a surge absorbing circuit is recommended. Note that the release time of the load becomes slightly longer. Check the operation using the actual load. Incorrect use of a contact protection circuit will adversely affect switching characteristics. Four typical examples of contact protection circuits are shown in the following table:

RC		 This protection circuit can be used when the load impedance is smaller than the RC impedance in an AC load power circuit. R: Resistor of approximately the same resistance value as the load C:0.1 to 1 µF
		This protection circuit can be used for both AC and DC load power circuits. R: Resistor of approximately the same resistance value as the load C: 0.1 to 1 µF
Diode	Power D Ind. Load	This protection circuit can be used for DC load power circuits. Use a diode with the following ratings. Reverse withstand voltage: Power voltage of the load circuit x 10 Forward current: More than the load current
Varistor	Power 2	This protection circuit can be used for both AC and DC load power circuits. For a best result, when using a power voltage of 24 to 48V AC/DC, connect a varistor across the load. When using a power voltage of 100 to 240V AC/DC, connect a varistor across the contacts.

3. Do not use a contact protection circuit as shown below:



This protection circuit is very effective in arc suppression when opening the contacts. But, the capacitor is charged while the contacts are opened. When the contacts are closed, the capacitor is discharged through the contacts, increasing the possibility of contact welding.

This protection circuit is very effective in arc suppression when opening the contacts. But, when the contacts are closed, a current flows to charge the capacitor, causing contact welding.

Generally, switching a DC inductive load is more difficult than switching a DC resistive load. Using an appropriate arc suppressor, however, will improve the switching characteristics of a DC inductive load.

Soldering

- 1. When soldering the relay terminals, use a soldering iron of 30 to 60W, and quickly complete soldering (within approximately 3 seconds).
- 2. Use a non-corrosive rosin flux.

Operating Instructions con't

IDEC

Other Precautions

1. General notice:

To maintain the initial characteristics, do not drop or shock the relay.

The relay cover cannot be removed from the base during normal operation. To maintain the initial characteristics, do not remove the relay cover.

Use the relay in environments free from condensation, dust, sulfur dioxide (SO_2) , and hydrogen sulfide (H_2S) .

Make sure that the coil voltage does not exceed applicable coil voltage range.

- 2. UL and CSA ratings may differ from product rated values determined by IDEC.
- 3. Do not use relays in the vicinity of strong magnetic field, as this may affect relay operation.

Safety Precautions

- Precautions for the RU Relays
 - Before operating the latching lever of the RU relay, turn off the power to the RU relay. After checking the circuit, return the latching lever to the original position.
 - Do not use the latching lever as a switch. The durability of the latching lever is a minimum of 100 operations.
 - When using DC loads on 4PDT relays, apply a positive voltage to terminals of neighboring poles and a negative voltage to the other terminals of neighboring poles to prevent the possibility of short circuits.
 - DC relays with a diode have a polarity in the coil terminals. Apply the DC voltage to the correct terminals.
- the relay socket to the proper tightening torque. on AC relays with RC or DC relays with diode are ck electromotive force generated by the coil. When processive external surrece veltage, the surge absorb
- maintenance, and inspection of the relays. Failure to turn power off may cause electrical shock or fire hazard.Observe specifications and rated values, otherwise electrical shock or fire

• Turn off the power to the relay before starting installation, removal, wiring,

- Observe specifications and rated values, otherwise electrical shock or fire hazard may be caused.
- Use wires of the proper size to meet voltage and current requirements. Tighten the terminal screws on the relay socket to the proper tightening torque.
- Surge absorbing elements on AC relays with RC or DC relays with diode are
 provided to absorb the back electromotive force generated by the coil. When
 the relay is subject to an excessive external surge voltage, the surge absorbing element may be damaged. Add another surge absorbing provision to the
 relay to prevent damage.